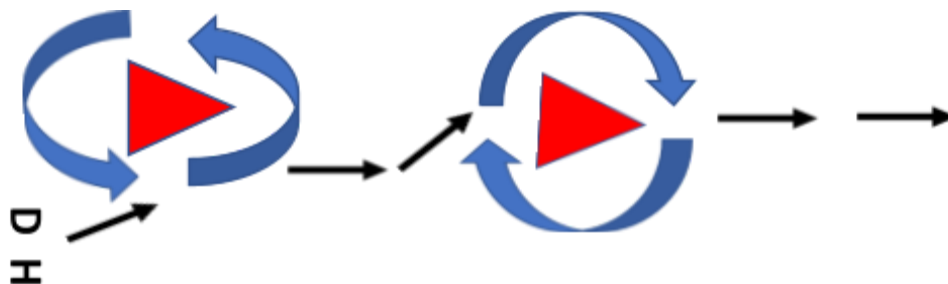


FLASH: New Exercises - 2/16/2022

F101 CIRCLES WITH CONES

To demonstrate variations in heeling.



Primary Element(s):

HEELING AROUND CONES IN DEFINED PATTERN

- The handler and dog perform the pattern, as follows:
 - Team passes the first cone on the team's left side.
 - Team heels counterclockwise around the first cone with the first cone on the team's left side.
 - Team heels forward and crosses between the cones with the cone on the team's right side.
 - Team heels clockwise around the second cone with the second cone on the team's right side.
- The handler and dog move in unison while performing the exercise.
- The handler does not adapt pace to the dog.
- The dog maintains heel position at all times without bumping, forging, lagging, or drifting wide.
- The team performs exercise without splitting or displacing any cones.

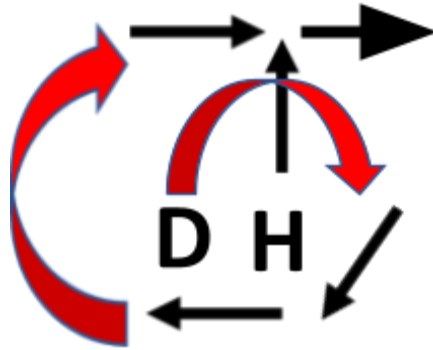
Note(s):

- The exercise is performed using two cones, positioned 4' – 6' (1.2 m to 1.8 m) apart, as measured between the facing edges of each distraction.
- The exercise may be placed at any angle (i.e., placed parallel, perpendicular, or diagonally to the course path) at the judge's discretion. The first cone is to be clearly indicated on the course map and by placement of the sign on the course.

FLASH: New Exercises - 2/16/2022

F133 HANDLER 90° RIGHT/DOG 270° RIGHT

To demonstrate understanding of heel position with handler in motion.



Primary Element(s):

DOG PASSES CLOCKWISE AROUND HANDLER TO FIND HEEL POSITION AS HANDLER TURNS RIGHT

Requirements:

- While moving forward with the dog in heel position, the handler pauses while cuing the dog to cross in front of the handler.
- The handler turns right 90 degrees immediately after the dog clears the handler's path in front*.
- The dog performs a 270° right turn behind the handler.
 - The dog immediately returns to heel position.
- The handler and dog continue heeling forward in unison to the next station.
- The handler does not adapt pace to the dog.

Note(s):

- *Failure of the handler to initiate the turn later than the dog clearing the handler's path is a DESC deduction.

FLASH: New Exercises - 2/16/2022

F135 STAND, HANDLER PIVOTS TO FRONT, LEFT, FORWARD

To demonstrate understanding of heel position with handler in motion.



Primary Element(s):

DOG REMAINS IN POSITION AND IN PLACE

Requirements:

- While remaining in heel position, the handler pauses momentarily and cues the dog to stand and stay.
- The dog stands unassisted in heel position without attempting to sit or down.
- The handler pivots in front of the dog and pauses momentarily, facing the dog.
 - The dog stays in place and in position.
- The handler cues the dog to perform the forward left as follows:
 - The handler cues the dog to move directly to heel position at the handler's left side without circling behind the handler.
 - The dog moves directly to heel position, rotating left or right to face forward on a parallel path with the handler.
 - The handler and dog heel forward without hesitation as the dog comes into heel position.
 - Without sitting or stopping, the dog shall heel forward in unison without the handler adapting to the dog's pace.

Note(s):

- The handler pivots in front of the dog, as close to the dog as possible.

FLASH: New Exercises - 2/16/2022

F167 LATERAL HEELING TO THE RIGHT (1 STEP)

To demonstrate stand in heel position after handler sidesteps.



Primary Element(s):

DOG STAYS IN STAND POSITION AFTER HANDLER SIDESTEPS.

Requirements:

- The handler and dog pauses momentarily cues the dog to stand.
 - The dog stands unassisted in heel position without attempting to sit or down.
- The handler cues the dog to heel and while continuing to face forward, sidesteps to the right, and pauses momentarily.
- The dog shall initiate movement to heel as the handler sidesteps one step to the right.
- The dog stands in heel position.
- The team shall heel forward in unison to the next station.

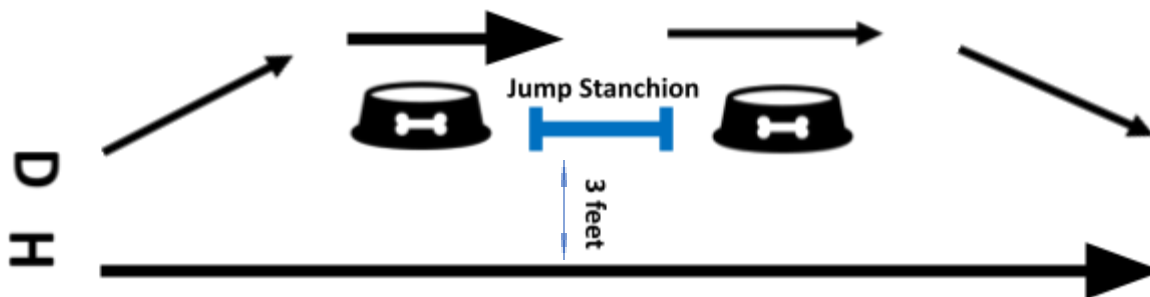
Note(s):

- The handler may not move backwards while performing the sidestep.
- The sidestep shall be approximately double the handler's normal stance (i.e., 18" – 24" or 45cm – 60cm).
- The dog is not required to actually sidestep when moving laterally, but the dog is required to move when the handler moves.

FLASH: New Exercises - 2/16/2022

F203 SEND BY DISTRACTIONS

To demonstrate directional cues with distraction.



Primary Element(s):

DOG PASSES THE LEFT SIDE OF JUMP STANCHION IN CORRECT DIRECTION

Requirements:

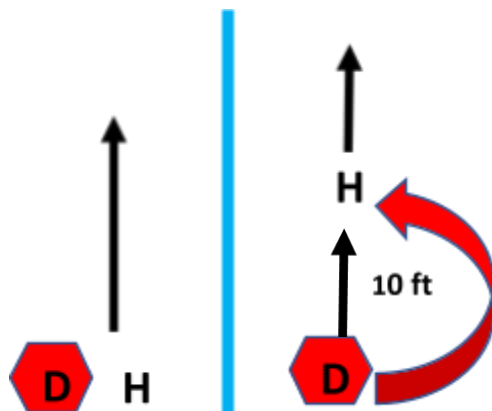
- The handler cues the dog to pass by the left side of the jump stanchion, and then the handler walks along a handling line of 3' (1 m) to the right of the stanchion.
- The dog passes by the left side of the jump stanchion without touching or sniffing the bowls.
- The team continues heeling to the next station.
- The dog shall return to heel position before the handler begins the next station.

Note(s):

- Two empty, uncovered dog food bowls are placed on the ends of the jump stanchion, approximately 1' – 2' (0.3 m to 0.6 m) apart.
- Each food bowl shall generally be at least 6" (15cm) in diameter.
- The handling line may be drawn on the ground to indicate the 3' (1m) minimum distance that the handler must maintain from the distractions. The line may alternatively be defined by sign placement. This line shall be generally perpendicular to the plane of the distractions, beginning no less than 5' (1.5m) before the first distraction and extending to a point no less than 5' (1.5m) beyond the last distraction.
- If the dog is faster than the handler, the dog may be called back to the handler without penalty.
- The exercise may be placed at any angle (i.e., placed parallel, perpendicular, or diagonally to the course path) at judge's discretion. The first distraction is to be clearly indicated on the course map and by placement of the sign on the course.

FLASH: New Exercises - 2/16/2022

F265 STAND, HANDLER PIVOTS TO FRONT, LEFT, FORWARD



Primary Element(s):

STAY IN PLACE AND POSITION
COME TO HEEL POSITION

Requirements:

A.

- While moving, the handler cues the dog to stand and stay.
- The dog stands unassisted in heel position without attempting to sit or down.
- The handler leaves the dog and walks to second sign.
- The dog stays in place and in stand position until called to heel by handler.

B.

- The handler turns to face the dog.
- The handler immediately calls the dog to come to left side heel.
- The dog comes to left heel position without circling around the handler.
- As the dog comes into heel position, the handler cues the dog to heel backwards for a minimum of two full steps (approximately 3' – 4', or .9 m – 1.2 m) and then the team reverses direction and resumes heeling forward.
- The dog shall heel backwards in unison with the handler while maintaining heel position, without turning significantly and without attempting to sit or down.

Note(s):

- Second sign is placed approximately 10' (3m) away, continuing in same direction as the approach to the first sign.
- The handler may cue heel on initiating heeling forward following the reversal.
- "Reverse heeling" should be smooth and fluid at near normal pace.
- Extra steps in reverse shall not be penalized.
- Heeling penalties apply in both directions.

FLASH: New Exercises - 2/16/2022

F269 LATERAL HEELING TO THE RIGHT (2 STEPS)

To demonstrate stand in heel position after handler sidesteps.



Primary Element(s):

DOG STAYS IN STAND POSITION AFTER HANDLER SIDESTEPS.

Requirements:

- The handler and the dog pause momentarily while the handler cues the dog to stand.
 - The dog stands unassisted in heel position without attempting to sit or down.
 - The handler cues the dog to heel and, while continuing to face forward, sidesteps to the right, and halts.
- The handler and the dog pause momentarily while the handler cues the dog to stand.
 - The dog stands unassisted in heel position without attempting to sit or down.
 - The handler cues the dog to heel and, while continuing to face forward, takes a second sidestep to the right, and halts.
- The dog shall initiate movement to heel as the handler sidesteps step to the right.
- The dog stays in stand and in heel position.
- The team shall heel forward in unison to the next station.

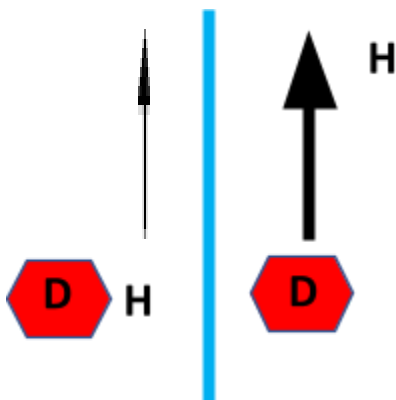
Note(s):

- The handler may not move backwards while performing the sidesteps.
- The sidestep shall be approximately double the handler's normal stance (i.e., 18" – 24" or 45cm – 60cm).
- The dog is not required to actually sidestep when moving laterally, but the dog is required to move when the handler moves.

FLASH: New Exercises - 2/16/2022

F271 MOVING CALL TO HEEL

To demonstrate reliable stand in place and responsiveness at a distance.



Primary Element(s):

- A. STAY IN POSITION AND IN PLACE
- B. COME TO HEEL POSITION

Requirements:

A.

- While moving, the handler cues the dog to stand and stay.
 - The dog stands unassisted in heel position without attempting to sit or down.
- The handler leaves the dog in a stand/stay and walks to second sign.

B.

- The handler continues to face forward.
- Without pausing, the handler calls the dog to come to heel position as the handler continues to walk to the next station.
- The dog moves promptly into heel position on the handler's left side.
- The team continues to heel forward in unison to the next station.

Note(s):

- Second sign is placed approximately 8 feet (2.4 m) away, continuing in same direction as the approach to the first sign.
- The handler may turn head slightly when call the dog to heel position.